

SAUTER Declaration on materials and the environment

Product



Type BQE065F300
BQE080F300
BQE100F300
BQE125F300
BQE150F300

Designation Flanged 3-way valve

Product range Valves

Product group of eco-balance Valves, dampers and ball valves

Manufacturer	Fr. Sauter AG			
	Im Surinam 55, CH-4016 Basel			
Product description	CE conformity			
	Function, operation, maintenance, service	PDS 56.118		
Environmental risk	Fire protection according to	EN 60695-2-11, EN 60695-10-2		
	Fire load ¹	1.64.5 MJ		
	Hazardous substances ²	Conforming to RoHS 2011/65/EU		
	Banned substances (see link below)	Conforming to REACH 1907/2006/EC		
	Parts containing halogen (causing corrosive smoke)	None		
	Liquids polluting the aquatic environment	Lubricant		
	Explosive substances	None		
Packaging ³	РЕ сар	151471 g		

Materials

Total weight of product ⁴	17,60573,575 g	Material Safety Data Sheet (MSDS)	EU waste code ⁵
	3.6 g	Yes	20 01 39
	7.213.6 g	Yes	20 01 39
	15,22258,258 g	Not required	20 01 40
S	230915,145 g	Not required	20 01 40
/S	4.5 g	Not required	20 01 40
	16 g	Not required	20 01 40
	2 g	Yes	08 04 09
)	2 g	Yes	20 01 26
	39130 g	Yes	08 01 11
	of product ⁴	of product ⁴ 3.6 g 7.213.6 g 15,22258,258 g 230915,145 g 4.5 g 16 g	3.6 g Yes 7.213.6 g Yes 15,22258,258 g Not required 230915,145 g Not required 4.5 g Not required 16 g Not required 2 g Yes 2 g Yes 2 g Yes

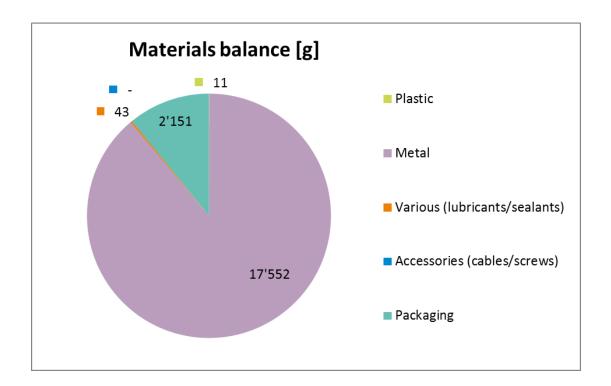
¹ See **Remarks** on last page
² Only applies to electrical devices
³ Directive 94/62/EC and follow-on document, ruling 97/129/EC
⁴ See **Remarks** on last page
⁵ Directive 75/442/EEC and follow-on document, ruling 2001/118/EC



Note

The following materials balance and the calculation of the environmental impact relate to type BQE065F300.

Materials balance



Energy requirement in the utilisation phase

Power requirement for component

Minimum power consumption -- W
 Average power consumption -- W
 Typical energy consumption per year -- kWh

The analysed valve is a passive component that is used as a control element in combination with an actuator. The energy consumption of the control element is measured and evaluated on the actuator.

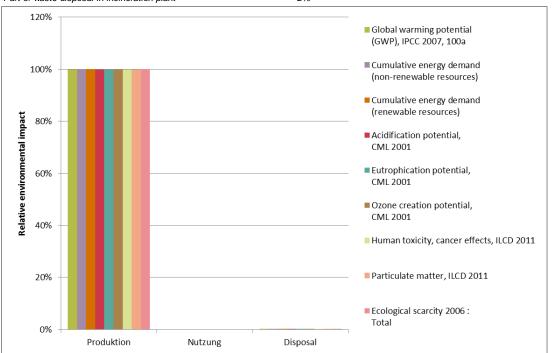
Calculation of the environmental impact

Evaluation over the entire life stage of 8 years in a typical utilisation scenario. The results additionally shown are based on a method of ecological scarcity that combines various environmental effects into an "environmental impact points" key figure. The method is based on Switzerland's environmental targets and evaluates the individual effects depending on the "Distance to Target".

Standard Indicators	Unit	Production "cradle to gate"	Utilisation	Disposal
Global warming potential				
(GWP), IPCC 2007, 100a	kg CO2 eq.	52.3	-	0.02
Cumulative energy demand				
(non-renewable resources)	MJ eq.	1'110	-	0.1
Cumulative energy demand				
(renewable resources)	MJ eq.	155	-	0.00
Acidification potential,				
CML 2001	kg SO2 eq.	2.05E-01	-	9.79E-05
Eutrophication potential, CML 2001		4 045 04		4 045 05
CIVIL 2001	kg PO4 eq.	1.01E-01	-	4.91E-05
Ozone creation potential, CML 2001	kg C2H4 eq.	2.34E-02	-	3.97E-06
Complementary indicators				
Human toxicity, cancer effects, ILCD 2011	CTUh	5.89E-05	-	3.11E-08
Particulate matter, ILCD 2011	kg PM2.5 eq	3.53E-02	-	1.24E-05
Ecological scarcity 2006 :				
Total	UBP	112'100	=	50

* Scenario waste disposal analysis (cut-off for recycling)





The valve is used as a control element in combination with an actuator. The present eco-balance describes the ecological impact of the production and the disposal of the valve. The environmental impact of the actuator, including its energy requirement, is measured and evaluated separately.

Disposal

Product:

The device must be disposed of as waste from electrical and electronic equipment (electrical/electronic scrap) and must not be disposed of as household waste. This applies in particular to the PCB assembly.

It is possible that special treatment for special components is compulsory by law or makes ecological sense.

Packaging:

Recyclable

The local and currently valid laws (WEEE2012/19/EU) must be observed.

Special information:

None

Re	m	ar	ks
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(1) Depending on the fire load for the type:

BQE065F300	1.6	MJ
BQE080F300	2.0	MJ
BQE100F300	2.6	MJ
BQE125F300	3.4	MJ
BQE150F300	4.5	M.I

(2) Depending on the weight of the type:

BQE065F300	17,605	g
BQE080F300	22,732	g
BQE100F300	32,211	g
BQE125F300	54,254	g
BQE150F300	73.575	α

How the environment benefits

With these products we make a significant contribution to energy savings in buildings and to reducing global warming.

In the Green Building area, our products ensure that customer requirements are fulfilled optimally and that there is cost efficiency over the entire building life-cycle.

- These heavy-duty valves have an extremely long serviceable life and require no maintenance.
- Energy savings on heating and cooling due to good regulability of the flow.
- Optimum use of raw materials.

Extent of applicability

This declaration is an environmental declaration based on ISO 14025 and describes the environmental impact of the product over its entire life stage. The declaration is made in a compact form without an external check or registration.

The data gathered have been evaluated with existing data inventories for production processes from the ecoinvent 2.2 European database.

For the determination of the energy requirement during the utilisation phase of the product, standard HVAC applications and average climatic conditions in Switzerland were assumed, based on the ecological accounting for the corresponding product group.

Disclaimer: This declaration is only for information purposes.

Deviations from the information it contains can occur without being reported. Fr. Sauter AG explicitly rules out any liability for any consequences that may result due to the above information.

Your local SAUTER representative will provide further information on environmental aspects, and specifically on disposal.

References

Ecoinvent 2010 ecoinvent data v2.2, Swiss Center for Life Cycle Inventories, Dübendorf FOEN 2008 eco-balances: method of ecological scarcity – eco-factors 2006, FOEN